SAFETY DATA SHEET

1933

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: KRYLON® Farm & Implement Paint (Aerosol) International Harvester Red
Product code	: 1933
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Aerosol.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Manufacturer	: Krylon Products Group 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 457-9566 Mexico: Not Available
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2902 Mexico: Not Available
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 17% (oral), 17% (dermal), 20.1% (inhalation)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



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	International Harvester	Red	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	 Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

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Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Acetone	≥25 - ≤50	67-64-1
Propane	≥10 - ≤25	74-98-6
Butane	≤10	106-97-8
n-Butyl Acetate	<10	123-86-4
2-Propoxyethanol	≤5	2807-30-9
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≤3	108-65-6
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	≤0.3	22464-99-9
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	≤0.3	96-29-7
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	≤0.3	64742-95-6
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	≤0.3	136-52-7
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	≤0.3	64742-48-9
trimethylbenzene	≤0.3	25551-13-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures				
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. 			
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.			
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.			
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.			

Most important sympton	ms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
ndication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with wate before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

<u>Extinguishing media</u>	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Remark	: Flammable aerosol.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Acetone	67-64-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Propane	74-98-6	 NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potent
Butane	106-97-8	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Butane] Explosive potential. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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		TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Butyl acetates] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-Propoxyethanol 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2807-30-9 108-65-6	None. OARS WEEL (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	22464-99-9	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Zirconium and compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [zirconium compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 10 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Zirconium compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	OARS WEEL (United States, 1/2021). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	64742-95-6 136-52-7	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [cobalt and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha trimethylbenzene	64742-48-9 25551-13-7	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits	3	
acetone	67-64-1	8 hrs OEL: 120 15 min OEL: 18 8 hrs OEL: 500 15 min OEL: 75 CA British Colu 3/2022). TWA: 250 ppm STEL: 500 ppm STEL: 500 ppm STEL: 500 ppm CA Quebec Pro TWAEV: 500 pp TWAEV: 1190 p STEV: 1000 pp	50 ppm 15 minutes. mbia Provincial (Canad 8 hours. 15 minutes. vincial (Canada, 6/2019) 8 hours. 15 minutes. vincial (Canada, 6/2021) pm 8 hours. mg/m ³ 8 hours.	a,
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

1933 KRYLON® Farm & Implement Paint (Aerosol) SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	• •	•	
B hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebee Provincial (Canada, 5/2021). TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Sastatchewan Provincial (Canada, 1/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Antario Provincial (Canada, 5/2021). Explosive potential. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential. Butane 106-97-8 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWAEV: 800 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Sastatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). STEL: 1200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).			7/2013). STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.
Butane Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential. Butane 106-97-8 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Butane] stellare STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. n-butyl acetate 123-86-4 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Butane, All isomers] Explosive potential. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. S hrs OEL: 130 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 15 min OEL: 950 mpm 8 hours. S hrs OEL: 130 ppm 15 minutes. S hrs OEL: 130 ppm 15 minutes. S hrs OEL: 130 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl acetates, all isomers] S TEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl acetates, all isomers] S TEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl acetates, all isomers] S TEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl acetates, all isomers] S TEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [butyl acetates, all isomers] S TEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [butyl acetates, all isomers] S TEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [butyl acetates] S TEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [butyl acetates] S TEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. S TEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA	Normal propane	74-98-6	8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].
n-butyl acetate 123-86-4 123-86-4 123-86-4 123-86-5 15-900-900-900-900-900-900-900-900-900-90			Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive
15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl acetates, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl acetates, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [butyl acetates] STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [butyl acetates] STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15	Butane	106-97-8	8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Butane] STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). [butane, all isomers] Explosive potential. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Butane, All isomers] Explosive potential.
1933 KRYLON® Farm & Implement Paint (Aerosol) SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl acetates, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [butyl acetates]
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

		TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-Propoxyethanol	2807-30-9	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
		Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 110 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	22464-99-9	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
		[Zirconium and compounds]
		8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
		15 min OEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.
		CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
		3/2022). [Zirconium and compounds]
		TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
		STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
		CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).
		[Zirconium and compounds]
		TWAEV: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
		STEV: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.
		CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
		[Zirconium and compounds]
		STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
		TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	OARS WEEL (United States, 1/2021). Skin
		sensitizer.
		TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	136-52-7	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
		3/2022). [cobalt and inorganic compounds]
		Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.
		CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
		3/2022). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds]
		Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.
		TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co, Total) 8 hours.
		CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).
		[Cobalt elemental, and inorganic
		compounds] Skin sensitizer.
		TWAEV: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.
		CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
		[Cobalt and inorganic compounds]
		TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.
		CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
		7/2013). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds]
		STEL: 0.06 mg/m ³ , (measured as Co) 15
		minutes. $T_{A}(A_{1}, A_{2}, A_{3})$
		TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (measured as Co) 8
		hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

		CAS #	Exposure limit	ts	
Acetone		67-64-1	NOM-010-STP TWA: 500 ppr STEL: 750 pp		
Propane		74-98-6	NOM-010-STP TWA: 1000 pp	S-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). om 8 hours.	
Butane		106-97-8	NOM-010-STP TWA: 1000 pp	S-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).	
n-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4		S-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).	
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-		-	_	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate			22464-99-9	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Zirconium compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate			136-52-7	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds] TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls		other engineering cont recommended or statu	rols to keep work itory limits. The e	e process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation o ker exposure to airborne contaminants below any engineering controls also need to keep gas, lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof
Environmental exposure controls		they comply with the re	equirements of er	ess equipment should be checked to ensure nvironmental protection legislation. In some eering modifications to the process equipment o acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>			
Hygiene measures		eating, smoking and us Appropriate techniques Contaminated work clo contaminated clothing showers are close to the	sing the lavatory s should be used othing should not before reusing. ne workstation lo	
Eye/face protection		assessment indicates gases or dusts. If cont	this is necessary tact is possible, t	oved standard should be used when a risk to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, he following protection should be worn, unless ee of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection				
Hand protection		worn at all times when necessary. Considerir during use that the glo noted that the time to b	handling chemic ng the parameter ves are still retair preakthrough for In the case of mi	complying with an approved standard should be cal products if a risk assessment indicates this is s specified by the glove manufacturer, check ning their protective properties. It should be any glove material may be different for different xtures, consisting of several substances, the accurately estimated.
Body protection		performed and the risk handling this product.	is involved and sl When there is a ng. For the great	body should be selected based on the task being hould be approved by a specialist before risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- est protection from static discharges, clothing s and gloves.
Other skin protection			ig performed and	I skin protection measures should be selected I the risks involved and should be approved by a
Respiratory protection		appropriate standard c	or certification. R	exposure, select a respirator that meets the espirators must be used according to a e proper fitting, training, and other important

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Red.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability	: Flammable aerosol.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 1.26% Upper: 15.8%
Vapor pressure	: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg)
Relative vapor density	: 1.55 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.75
Solubility(ies)	:

 $\overline{}$

	Media	Result		
	cold water	Not soluble		
	artition coefficient: n- ctanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
A	uto-ignition temperature	: Not available.		
D	ecomposition temperature	: Not available.		
Vi	scosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)		
Μ	olecular weight	: Not applicable.		
<u>A</u>	erosol product			
1	Type of aerosol	: Spray		
ŀ	Heat of combustion	: 27.507 kJ/g		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m ³	4 hours
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
2-Propoxyethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	3089 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.22 g/kg	-
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8500 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8970 mg/kg	-

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
2-Propoxyethanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750	-
				ug	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Guinea pig	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 uL	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

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Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Propane	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Butane	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-Propoxyethanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Category 1	-	upper respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone	Category 2	-	-
Propane	Category 2	-	-
Butane	Category 2	-	-
2-Propoxyethanol	Category 2	-	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Category 2	-	blood system
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 2	-	-
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Propane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Butane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

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Information on the likely routes of exposure	Not available.	
Potential acute health effe		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsines dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.	ss or
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallo enters airways.	wed and
Symptoms related to the p	ical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
-	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure	
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	Not available.	
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Potential chronic health ef		
Not available.	-	

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	International Harve	ester Red	

General	 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	 Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: May damage fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates	
Route	ATE value
Oral Dermal	81811.26 mg/kg 29133.18 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Acetone	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7460000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Acute LC50 843000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5600 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Acetone	-		Readily
n-Butyl Acetate	-		Readily
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-		Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	-	2.96 2.5 to 5.8	low low	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	10 to 2500 15600	high high	
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	-	10 to 2500	high	

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).	-	-	Emergency schedules F-D, S- U
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	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	126	126	126		
	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship un the Limited Quantity shipping exception.		Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship unde the Limited Quantity shipping exception.
Special precautions	con mod suit to s of tl dan	Iti-modal shipping descri isider container sizes. The de of transport (sea, air, ably for that mode of tra- shipment, and compliance he person offering the pro- ngerous goods must be the l on all actions in case of	he presence of a ship etc.), does not indica nsport. All packaging e with the applicable roduct for transport. F rained on all of the ris	pping description for ate that the product is must be reviewed for regulations is the so People loading and us sks deriving from the	a particular s packaged or suitability prior ble responsibility ınloading
Transport in bulk ac to IMO instruments	cording : Not a	available.			

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

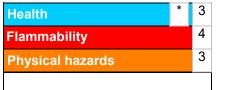
WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

International lists :	Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.
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Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

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Section 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1	On basis of test data
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPEČIFÍC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method Calculation method

<u>History</u>	
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Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs

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Section 16. Other information

obtained from any other source.

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