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Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, GHS & 1272/2008/EC Standards SDS Revision: 2.1 SDS Revision Date: 1/23/2018

		1. PRODUCT & COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
1.1	Product Name:	TOOL-BLACK® LIQUID
1.2	Chemical Name:	Acid Mixture
1.3	Synonyms:	45109, 45110, 45112, 45117
1.4	Trade Names:	Tool-Black [®] Liquid
1.5	Product Use:	Solution for Blackening Iron and Steel
1.6	Distributor's Name:	Precision Brand Products, Inc.
1.7	Distributor's Address:	2250 Curtiss Street, Downers Grove IL 60515 USA
1.8	Emergency Phone:	ChemTrec +1 (800) 424-9300 / +1 (703) 527-3887 or Poison Control Center +1 (855) 281-1742
1.9	Business Phone / Fax:	+1 (630) 969-7200 / +1 (630) 969-0310
		2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION
2.1	Hazard Identification:	This product is classified as a hazardous substance and as dangerous goods according to the classification criteria of [NOHSC: 1088 (2004)] and ADG Code (Australia). DANGER! TOXIC IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE. CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION. VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE WITH LONG LASTING EFFECTS. Classification: Acute Toxicity 3; Skin Corrosion 1B; Acute Tox. 4; Chronic Aquatic Toxicity 1
2.2	Label Elements:	Hazard Statements (H): H301 – Toxic if swallowed. H314 – Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 – May cause respiratory irritation. H410 – Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Precautionary Statements (P):P260 – Do not breathe dust or mist. P264 – Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. P270 – Do not eat drink or smoke when using this product. P271 – Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 – Avoid release to the environment. P280 – Wear protective gloves/ eye and face protection. P301+P330+P331 – IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303+P361+P353 – IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. P332+P313 – If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P363 – Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P304+P340 – IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air at once and keep comfortable for breathing. P310 – Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. P321 Specific treatments see this container label. P305+P351+P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 – If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P391 – Collect spillage. P403+P233 – Store in a well ventilated
2.3	Other Warnings:	place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 – Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

3. COMPOSITION & INGREDIENT INFORMATION

	EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR (mg/m³)												
					AC	GIH		NOHSC			OSHA		
					pp	m		ppm			ppm		
		DTT00 11		0/			ES-	ES-	ES-				071150
CHEMICAL NAME(S)	CAS No.	RTECS No.	EINECS No.	%	TLV	STEL	TWA	STEL	PEAK		STEL	IDLH	OTHER
WATER	7732-18-5	ZC0110000	231-791-2	60-100	NE	NE	NF	NF	NF	NE	NE	NE	
WATER													
SELENIOUS ACID	7783-00-8	VS7175000	231-974-7	1-5	(0.2)	NA	(0.2)	NF	NF	(0.2)	NA	NA	
SELENIOUS ACID	Acute ToxInh 3; Acute ToxOral 3; STOT-RE 2; Acute Aq. Tox. 1; Chronic Aq. Tox. 1; H301, H331, H400, H410												
COPPER (II) NITRATE,	10031-43-3	GI7875000	221-838-5	1-5	(1)	NA	NF	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	
TRIHYDRATE	Metal Corr. 1; S	Skin Corr. 1B; H29	90, H314										
NITRIC ACID	7697-37-2	QU5775000	231-714-2	1-5	2	4	2	NF	NF	2	NA	25	
NITRIC ACID	Ox. Liq. 3; Skir	Corr. 1A; H272,	H314										
HYDROCHLORIC ACID	7647-01-0	MW4025000	231-595-7	1-5	2	NA	NF	NF	5	5	NA	50	
HTDROCHLORIC ACID	Skin Corr. 1B;	STOT SE- 3; H31	4, H335										
PHOSPHORIC ACID	7664-38-2	TB6300000	231-633-2	1-5	(1)	(3)	NF	NF	NF	NA	NA	1000	
PHOSPHORIC ACID	Metal Corr. 1; S	Skin Corr. 1B; H29	90, H314	•									
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		1	4. FIRST AID MEASURES		
4.1	First Aid:	Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting. Call +1 (855) 281-1742 for emerging victim's head lowered (forward) to keep vomit from entering transport if any symptoms noted.		
		Eyes:	Remove and discard contact lenses if worn and flush eye minutes. Seek immediate medical attention when done rinsi		ast 2
		Skin:	Remove contaminated clothing and wash exposed skin medical attention if any blistering, swelling or open sores de	with large amounts of soap and water.	See
		Inhalation:	Move victim to fresh air. Contact emergency medical service victim loses consciousness.	•	rs or
.2	Effects of Exposure:	Eyes:	Severe or permanent eye damage.		
	·	Skin:	Burns upon direct contact.		
		Ingestion:	Severe burns of mouth, throat, stomach.		
		Inhalation:	Severe irritation or burns in respiratory tract and mucous me	embranes. Possible lung damage.	
1.3	Symptoms of Overexposure:	Eyes:	Redness, burning, irritation, and swelling around eyes		
		Skin:	Redness, burning, itching, rash, blistering of skin.		
		Ingestion: Inhalation:	Nausea, vomiting, severe abdominal pain. Coughing, wheezing, swelling of throat, irritation in mucous	mombranes difficulty broathing	
1.4	Acute Health Effects:		nful if inhaled. Material is extremely destructive to the tissue of		irato
			e harmful if swallowed. Causes burns. May be harmful if absor		iiutoi
1.5	Chronic Health Effects:		e the nervous system, kidney and/or liver.	<u> </u>	
.6	Target Organs:	Eyes, skin, r	nervous system, kidneys, liver, respiratory system.		
1.7	Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:		dermatitis, other skin conditions, and disorders of the target	HEALTH	3
	Aggravated by Exposure.		s, skin, and respiratory system) or impaired kidney function	FLAMMABILITY	0
		may be more	e susceptible to the effects of this substance. 1`	PHYSICAL HAZARDS	2
				PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT	H
				EYES SKIN LUNGS	"
.8	Notes to Physician:	This produc	t contains <u>Selenious Acid</u> and is potentially fatal if ingested		inaia
			multi-organ failure may occur. 24/7 medical toxicology consult 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES		
5.1	Fire & Explosion Hazards:	Non-flamma		can form explosive mixtures	
5.2	Extinguishing Methods:	Non-flamma with air. Ma	5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES ble. May react with metals to release hydrogen gas, which	can form explosive mixtures	
5.2		Non-flamma with air. Ma Use fire-exti As with any approved or	5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES ble. May react with metals to release hydrogen gas, which y intensity fire; oxidizer. Keep/Store away from clothing/ combining media appropriate for surrounding materials. fire, firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipme equivalent self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and p	can form explosive mixtures bustible materials. nt including a MSHA/NIOSH protective clothing. Fight fires	2
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5.2	Extinguishing Methods: Firefighting Procedures: Spills:	Non-flamma with air. Ma Use fire-extii As with any approved or as for surn degradation and/or derivative is out. Use the fire is out. U	5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES ble. May react with metals to release hydrogen gas, which y intensity fire; oxidizer. Keep/Store away from clothing/ combinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials. fire, firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipme equivalent self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and producing materials. Hazardous decomposition products may produce oxides of carbon, phosphorous, selenium and atives. Fire should be fought from a safe distance. Keep contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and produces. Fire should be fought from a safe distance. Keep contained breathing sewers, drains, or the street of the s	can form explosive mixtures bustible materials. Int including a MSHA/NIOSH protective clothing. Fight fires may be released. Thermal addor nitrogen, hydrocarbons ainers cool until well after the personal. Fight fire upwind. In the personal protective supply, or any see must wear appropriate Personal Protective gloves and other protective clothing of protective eyewear. Use a non-combute into a container for later disposal. It way from spill. Stay upwind and away from spill. Stay upwind and away from spill of area. Stop spill or release if it is grespiratory protection as conditions we tainer. Use absorbent to pick up residue. ION IVEN IN TORRESS OF THE TO	stible m sp can b arrar Avo
5.2 5.3 5.3 5.3 7.1	Extinguishing Methods: Firefighting Procedures: Spills: Work & Hygiene Practices:	Non-flamma with air. Ma Use fire-extii As with any approved or as for surn degradation and/or derivative is out. Use the prevent runnatural wate Before clear Equipment (apron, boots Small Spills: inert materiat Large Spills or release, done with na Recover as discharging Avoid breath of the reach expose to haccontaminative.	5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES ble. May react with metals to release hydrogen gas, which y intensity fire; oxidizer. Keep/Store away from clothing/ combinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials. fire, firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipme equivalent self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and producing materials. Hazardous decomposition products may produce oxides of carbon, phosphorous, selenium and atives. Fire should be fought from a safe distance. Keep contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and produces. Fire should be fought from a safe distance. Keep contained breathing sewers and to protect off from fire control or dilution from entering sewers, drains, or the state of the sewer sewer sewer. 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURE 1. May 1. Sewer sewer safety goggles and face shield; sewer sew	can form explosive mixtures bustible materials. Int including a MSHA/NIOSH protective clothing. Fight fires may be released. Thermal ad/or nitrogen, hydrocarbons ainers cool until well after the personal. Fight fire upwind. In the personal protective supply, or any be use gloves and other protective clothing diprotective eyewear. Use a non-combute into a container for later disposal. It way from spill. Stay upwind and away from spill. Stay upwind and away from grespiratory protection as conditions we tainer. Use absorbent to pick up residue. ION We equipment when handling product. Ke roduct. Wash thoroughly after handling. It is reach of children. Immediately clean-upon the protective spills of the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. It is reach of children. Immediately clean-upon the protective spills of the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. It is reach of children. Immediately clean-upon the protective spills of the protection and the product is reach of children. Immediately clean-upon the protective spills of the protection and the protection and the protection are protective spills of the protection and the protection are protective spills of the protection and the protection are protection as conditions we are protective spills of the protection and the protection are protection as conditions we are protective spills of the protection and the protection and the protection are protective spills of the protection and the protection are protection as conditions we are protection as conditions	m spcan t arrar Avo
.1	Extinguishing Methods: Firefighting Procedures: Spills:	Non-flamma with air. Ma Use fire-extii As with any approved or as for surn degradation and/or derivatire is out. Use a fire is out. Use and sto sunlight. Store is out. Use and sto sunlight. Store is out. Use and sto sunlight. Store is out. It is out.	5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES ble. May react with metals to release hydrogen gas, which y intensity fire; oxidizer. Keep/Store away from clothing/ combinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials. fire, firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipme equivalent self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and producing materials. Hazardous decomposition products may produce oxides of carbon, phosphorous, selenium and atives. Fire should be fought from a safe distance. Keep contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and produces. Fire should be fought from a safe distance. Keep contained breathing sewers, drains, or the street of the s	can form explosive mixtures bustible materials. Int including a MSHA/NIOSH protective clothing. Fight fires may be released. Thermal ad/or nitrogen, hydrocarbons ainers cool until well after the personal. Fight fire upwind. drinking water supply, or any ES In must wear appropriate Personal Protective gloves and other protective clothing of protective eyewear. Use a non-combute into a container for later disposal. In any from spill. Stay upwind and away from grespiratory protection as conditions we tainer. Use absorbent to pick up residue. ION IVE equipment when handling product. Ke roduct. Wash thoroughly after handling. It is reach of children. Immediately clean-use to ventilation, fans) away from heat and the not in use. Avoid temperatures above.	stiblem special III



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		8. EXPOSURE CONT			KSON		KOIEC	NOIL			_
.1	Exposure Limits:		AC	GIH		NOHSC			OSHA	ı	OTHER
	ppm (mg/m³)	CHEMICAL NAME(S)	TLV	STEL	ES-TWA	ES- STEL	ES- PEAK	PEL	STEL	IDLH	
		SELENIOUS ACID	(0.2)	NA	(0.2)	NF	NF	(0.2)	NA	NA	
		COPPER (II) NITRATE, RIHYDRATE	(1)	NA	NF	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	
		NITRIC ACID	2	4	2	NF	NF	2	NA	25	
		HYDROCHLORIC ACID	2	NA	NF	NF	5	5	NA	50	
		PHOSPHORIC ACID	(1)	(3)	NF	NF	NF	NA	NA	1000	
2	Ventilation & Engineering Controls:	Use local or general exhaust vent handling of this product. Ensure a station).									
3	Respiratory Protection:	use only protection authorized by 2	instances where vapors or sprays of this product are generated, and respiratory protection is needed, see only protection authorized by 29 CFR §1910.134, applicable U.S. State regulations, or the Canadian AS Standard Z94.4-93 and applicable standards of Canadian Provinces, EC member States, or								
4	Eye Protection:		afety glasses with side shields must be used when handling or using this product. A protective face								
5	Hand Protection:	fear protective, chemical-resistant gloves (e.g., neoprene) when using or handling this product.									
.6	Body Protection:	A chemical resistant apron and/or protective clothing are recommended when handling or using this product.									
		9. PHYSICAL	& CH	EMIC	AL PR	OPER	TIES				
1	Appearance:	Clear liquid									
2	Odor:	Odorless									
3	Odor Threshold:	0.29 to 0.98 ppm (Nitric Acid)									
4	pH:	0.85									
5	Melting Point/Freezing Point:	NA									
6	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling										
J	Range:	> 100 °C (> 212 °F)									
7	Flashpoint:	NA									
8	Upper/Lower Flammability Limits:	NA									
9	Vapor Pressure:	NA									
10	Vapor Density:	< 1.0 (air = 1.0)									
11	Relative Density:	1.055									
12	Solubility:										
13	Partition Coefficient (log P _{ow}):	Complete (water)									
14	Autoignition Temperature:	NA NA									
	9	NA									
15	Decomposition Temperature:	NA									
16	Viscosity:	NA									
17	Other Information:	Evaporation Rate: < 1.0 (ethyl ethe	er = 1.0)								
		10. STA	BILIT	Y & R	EACTI	VITY					
0.1	Stability:	Stable at normal temperatures.									
0.2	Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Reaction with organics and stror decomposition may produce selen	ng reduc ium, nitro	ing age	nts can pr osphoric ar	oduce or	rganoseler r oxides.	nides and	d hydrog	jen sele	enide. Therm
0.3	Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur.									
0.4	Conditions to Avoid:	Excessive heat, shock, friction.									
0.5	Incompatible Substances:	Cyanides, water-reactive substances, strong reducing agents, chlorinated cleaners or sanitizers, combustible organic materials, most metals.									
		11. TOXICO	LOGI	CAL		1	ON	1		. 1	
1.1	Routes of Entry:	Inhalation: YES			Absorption:				Ingest		
1.2	Toxicity Data:	Phosphoric Acid: LD ₅₀ (oral, rat) = mg/kg; Copper Nitrate Trihydrate:				it) = 4,64	0 mg/kg;	Hydrochl	oric Acid	: LD ₅₀ (c	oral, rat) = 9
1.3	Acute Toxicity:	See Section 2.4									
	Chronic Toxicity:	See Section 2.5		DO -	2 /1:		11				· ·
	Suspected Carcinogen:	Components in this product are list					able as to i	its carcin	ogenicity	to huma	ans)
1.5		This product is not reported to cau	se reprod	auctive to	oxicity in hi	ımans.					
1.5	Reproductive Toxicity:					ımese					
1.5	Mutagenicity:	This product is not reported to product	duce mut	tagenic e	ffects in hu						
1.4 1.5 1.6			duce mut	tagenic e bryotoxic	ffects in hu	numans.					



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1.8 Biol 1.9 Phy 2.1 Env 2.2 Effe 3.1 Was 3.2 Spe The basic descriptiv 4.1 49 C 4.2 IATA 4.3 IMD 4.4 TDG 4.5 ADF 4.6 SCT	CFR (GND):	See Section 4.2 NE Treat symptomatically. 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION Hydrochloric Acid: LC ₅₀ (gambusia affinis-mosquito fish, 96h) - 282 mg/L No data available. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Phosphoric Acid: EC ₅₀ (Daphnia magna, 12h) = 4.6 mg/L 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS Review current local, state and federal laws, codes, statutes and regulations to determine current status and appropriations and the proper state in Section 2. Any disposal practice must be in compliance with local, state, a federal laws and regulations. Contact the appropriate agency for specific information. Treatment, transport, storage a disposal of hazardous waste must be provided by a licensed facility or waste hauler. U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste − Characteristic - Corrosive (D002), Characteristic - Toxic (D010) 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION There, proper shipping name, hazard class & division, packing group) is shown for each mode of transportation. Additional erequired by 49 CFR, IATA/ICAO, IMDG and the CTDGR. UN3264, CORROSIVE LIQUIDS, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SELENIOUS ACID, PHOSPHORIC ACID), 8, II, (LTD QTY, IP VOL ≤ 1.0 L)
2.1 Env 2.2 Effe 3.1 Was 3.2 Spe The basic descriptiv 4.1 49 C 4.2 IAT/ 4.3 IMD 4.4 TDG 4.5 ADF 4.6 SCT	ysician Recommendations: vironmental Stability: fects on Plants & Animals: fects on Aquatic Life: aste Disposal: ecial Considerations: ic description (ID Numve information may be CFR (GND):	Treat symptomatically. 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION Hydrochloric Acid: LC ₅₀ (gambusia affinis-mosquito fish, 96h) - 282 mg/L No data available. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Phosphoric Acid: EC ₅₀ (Daphnia magna, 12h) = 4.6 mg/L 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS Review current local, state and federal laws, codes, statutes and regulations to determine current status and appropria disposal method for the ingredients listed in Section 2. Any disposal practice must be in compliance with local, state, a federal laws and regulations. Contact the appropriate agency for specific information. Treatment, transport, storage a disposal of hazardous waste must be provided by a licensed facility or waste hauler. U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste – Characteristic - Corrosive (D002), Characteristic - Toxic (D010) 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION There, proper shipping name, hazard class & division, packing group) is shown for each mode of transportation. Additional required by 49 CFR, IATA/ICAO, IMDG and the CTDGR. UN3264, CORROSIVE LIQUIDS, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SELENIOUS ACID, PHOSPHORIC
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2.2 Effe 2.3 Effe 3.1 Was 3.2 Spec Che basic escriptiv 1.1 49 C 1.2 IATA 1.3 IMD 1.4 TDG 1.5 ADF	rects on Plants & Animals: rects on Aquatic Life: rects on Plants & Animals: rects on Aquatic Life: rects on Aquatic	Hydrochloric Acid: LC ₅₀ (gambusia affinis-mosquito fish, 96h) - 282 mg/L No data available. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Phosphoric Acid: EC ₅₀ (Daphnia magna, 12h) = 4.6 mg/L 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS Review current local, state and federal laws, codes, statutes and regulations to determine current status and appropria disposal method for the ingredients listed in Section 2. Any disposal practice must be in compliance with local, state, a federal laws and regulations. Contact the appropriate agency for specific information. Treatment, transport, storage a disposal of hazardous waste must be provided by a licensed facility or waste hauler. U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste – Characteristic - Corrosive (D002), Characteristic - Toxic (D010) 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION The proper shipping name, hazard class & division, packing group) is shown for each mode of transportation. Additional required by 49 CFR, IATA/ICAO, IMDG and the CTDGR. UN3264, CORROSIVE LIQUIDS, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SELENIOUS ACID, PHOSPHORIC
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4.1 49 C 4.2 IAT/ 4.3 IMD 4.4 TDG 4.5 ADF	CFR (GND):	UN3264, CORROSIVE LIQUIDS, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SELENIOUS ACID, PHOSPHORIC
4.4 TDG 4.5 ADF 4.6 SCT		
4.4 TDG 4.5 ADF 4.6 SCT		UN3264, CORROSIVE LIQUIDS, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SELENIOUS ACID, PHOSPHORIC ACID), 8, II, (LTD QTY, IP VOL ≤ 0.1 L)
4.5 ADF 4.6 SCT		UN3264, CORROSIVE LIQUIDS, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SELENIOUS ACID, PHOSPHORIC ACID), 8, II, (LTD QTY, IP VOL ≤ 1.0 L)
.6 SCT		UN3264, CORROSIVE LIQUIDS, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SELENIOUS ACID, PHOSPHORIC ACID), 8, II, (LTD QTY, IP VOL ≤ 1.0 L)
		UN3264, CORROSIVE LIQUIDS, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SELENIOUS ACID, PHOSPHORIC ACID), 8, II, (LTD QTY, IP VOL ≤ 1.0 L)
1.7 ADG		UN3264, LIQUIDOS, CORROSIVOS, ACIDO, INORGANICO, N.E.P. (ACIDO SELENIO, ACIDO FOSFORICO), 8, II, (CANTIDAD LIMITADA, IP VOL ≤ 1.0 L)
		UN3264, CORROSIVE LIQUIDS, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SELENIOUS ACID, PHOSPHORIC ACID), 8, II, (LTD QTY, IP VOL ≤ 1.0 L)
		15. REGULATORY INFORMATION
5.1 SAF	RA Reporting Requirements	
5.2 SAF	ARA TPQ:	302 TPQ (Nitric Acid): 1,000 lbs (454 kg)
5.3 TS0	CA Inventory Status:	The components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory.
5.4 CEF	RCLA Reportable Quantity:	Selenious Acid: 10 lbs (4.54 kg); Nitric Acid: 1,000 lbs (454 kg); Phosphoric Acid: 5,000 lbs (2,270 kg); Hydrochlc Acid: 5,000 lbs (2,270 kg); Cupric Nitrate: 100 lbs (45.4 kg)
5.5 Oth	her Federal Requirements:	NA NA
	her Canadian Regulations:	This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. The components of this product are listed on the DSL/NDSL. None of the components of this product are listed on the Priorities Substances List. WHMIS Class E (Corrosive Material). WHMIS Class D1 (Materials Causing Immediate and Serious Toxic Effects).
5.7 Star	ate Regulatory Information:	Selenious Acid is found on the following state criteria lists: Florida Toxic Substances List (FL), Massachused Hazardous Substances List (MA), Minnesota Hazardous Substances List (MN), Pennsylvania Right-to-Know List (Pland Wisconsin Hazardous Substances List (WI) Nitric Acid is found on the following state criteria lists: FL, MA, MN, New Jersey Right-to-Know List (NJ), PA, a Washington Permissible Exposures List (WA). Hydrochloric Acid is found on the following state criteria lists: FL, MA, MN, NJ, PA, WA Phosphoric Acid is found on the following state criteria lists: FL, MA, MN, PA No other ingredients in this product, present in a concentration of 1.0% or greater, are listed on any of the follow state criteria lists: California Proposition 65 (CA65), Delaware Air Quality Management List (DE), Florida To Substances List (FL), Massachusetts Hazardous Substances List (MA), Michigan Critical Substances List (Minnesota Hazardous Substances List (MN), New Jersey Right-to-Know List (NJ), New York Hazardous Substances
		List (NY), Pennsylvania Right-to-Know List (PA), Washington Permissible Exposures List (WA), Wisconsin Hazardo Substances List (WI).



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	16. OTHER INFORMATION					
16.1	Other Information:	IRRITATION. CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITA AQUATIC LIFE WITH LONG LASTING EFFEC not breathe dust/fumes. In case of contact with	SES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE. CAUSES SKIN ATION. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITAITON. VERY TOXIC TO TS. Causes severe burns to eyes and skin. Avoid excessive heat. Do eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Tom heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. REACH OF CHILDREN.			
16.2	Terms & Definitions:	See last page of this Safety Data Sheet.				
16.3	Disclaimer:	government regulations must be reviewed for a Products, Inc.'s knowledge, the information cont suitability or completeness is not guaranteed ar The information contained herein relates only	OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR §1910.1200. Other oplicability to this product. To the best of ShipMate's & Precision Brand ained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, and no warranties of any type, either expressed or implied, are provided to the specific product(s). If this product(s) is combined with other sidered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the			
16.4	Prepared for:	Precision Brand Products, Inc. 2250 Curtiss Street Downers Grove, IL 60515 USA Tel: +1 (630) 969-7200 Fax: +1 (630) 969-0310 http://www.precisionbrand.com	PRECISION BRAND.			
16.5	Prepared by:	ShipMate, Inc. P.O. Box 787 Sisters, Oregon 97759-0787 USA Tel: +1 (310) 370-3600 Fax: +1 (310) 370-5700 http://www.shipmate.com	ShipMate ShipMate Dangerous Goods Training & Consulting			



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SDS Revision Date: 1/23/2018

DEFINITION OF TERMS

A large number of abbreviations and acronyms appear on a SDS. Some of these that are commonly used include the following:

GENERAL INFORMATION:

CAS No.	Chemical Abstract Service Number
RTECS No.	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances Number
EINECS No.	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances Number

EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR:

ACGIH	H American Conference on Governmental Industrial Hygienists				
IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health					
NOHSC National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (Australia)					
OSHA U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration					
PEL Permissible Exposure Limit					
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit				
TLV Threshold Limit Value					
TWA Time Weighted Average					

FIRST AID MEASURES:

CPR	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation - method in which a person whose heart has
	stopped receives manual chest compressions and breathing to circulate blood
	and provide oxygen to the body.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM: HMIS

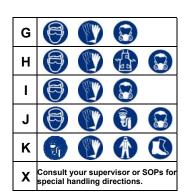
HEALTH, FLAMMABILITY & REACTIVITY RATINGS:

0	Minimal Hazard			
1	Slight Hazard			
2	Moderate Hazard			
3	Severe Hazard			
4	Extreme Hazard			



PERSONAL PROTECTION RATINGS:

Α			
В			
С		型	
D		型	
Ε			
F			





OTHER STANDARD ABBREVIATIONS:

Carc	Carcinogenic				
Irrit	Irritant				
NA	Not Available				
NR	No Results				
ND	Not Determined				
NE	Not Established				
NF	Not Found				
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus				
Sens	Sensitization				
STOT RE	Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Repeat Exposure				
STOT SE	Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure				

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION: NFPA

FLAMMABILITY LIMITS IN AIR:					
Autoignition Temperature	Minimum temperature required to initiate combustion in air with no other source of ignition				
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit - lowest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source				
UEL	Upper Explosive Limit - highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source				

HAZARD RATINGS:

Minimal Hazard		FLAMMABILITY		
1	Slight Hazard			
2	Moderate Hazard	REACTIVITY		
3	Severe Hazard			
4	Extreme Hazard			
ACD	Acidic	1 2		
ALK	Alkaline			
COR	Corrosive	/ \ \ \ \ \		
W	Use No Water	HEALTH		
ОХ	Oxidizer	SPECIAL		
TREFOIL	Radioactive	PRECAUTION		

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose (solids & liquids) which kills 50% of the exposed animals				
LC ₅₀	Lethal concentration (gases) which kills 50% of the exposed animal				
ppm	Concentration expressed in parts of material per million parts				
TD _{Io} Lowest dose to cause a symptom					
TCLo Lowest concentration to cause a symptom					
TD _{Io} , LD _{Io} , & LD _o or	D _{lo} , LD _{lo} , & LD _o or Lowest dose (or concentration) to cause lethal or toxic effects				
TC, TC _o , LC _{io} , & LC _o					
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer				
NTP	National Toxicology Program				
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances				
BCF	Bioconcentration Factor				
TL _m	Median threshold limit				
log Kow or log Koc	Coefficient of Oil/Water Distribution				

REGULATORY INFORMATION:

WHMIS	Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System				
DOT	U.S. Department of Transportation				
TC	Transport Canada				
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
DSL	DSL Canadian Domestic Substance List				
NDSL	Canadian Non-Domestic Substance List				
PSL	PSL Canadian Priority Substances List				
TSCA	TSCA U.S. Toxic Substance Control Act				
EU	EU European Union (European Union Directive 67/548/EEC)				
WGK	WGK Wassergefährdungsklassen (German Water Hazard Class)				

WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION (WHMIS) SYSTEM:

0	((2)		Θ	(%)		
Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D1	Class D2	Class D3	Class E	Class F
Compressed	Flammable	Oxidizing	Toxic	Irritation	Infectious	Corrosive	Reactive

CLP/GHS (1272/2008/EC) PICTOGRAMS:

	③		\Diamond			\Leftrightarrow		*
GHS01	GHS02	GHS03	GHS04	GHS05	GHS06	GHS07	GHS08	GHS09
Explosive	Flammable	Oxidizer	Pressurized	Corrosive	Toxic	Harmful Irritating	Health Hazard	Environment